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CONSENT FOR ORAL SURGERY TREATMENT IN PATIENTS WHO HAVE RECEIVED INTRAVENOUS BISPHOSPHONATE DRUGS, ANTIRESORPTIVE DRUGS, OR ANTIANGIOGENIC DRUGS

Patient's	Name Date
	nitial each paragraph after reading. If you have any questions, please ask your BEFORE initialing.
1.	I understand I have been treated with medication to help treat my specific cancer diagnosis:
	<ul> <li>IV Bisphosphonate Drugs (Zometa/Aredia)</li> <li>Antiresorptive Drugs (Denosumab)</li> <li>Antiangiogenic Drugs</li> </ul>
	I have been informed that there is a risk of developing a complication called osteonecrosis of the bone (bone cell death) that can occur with oral surgical treatment including routine tooth extraction. Jaw bones usually heal completely. In some patients taking these medications, the ability of the bone to heal may be altered, interfering with the jaw's ability to heal normally. The research shows this risk occurs in less than 3% of patients having a tooth extracted. Any invasive procedure affecting the bone can increase the risk of osteonecrosis, so it is important to understand these risks before proceeding with any surgical procedure.
2.	I understand that the risk of osteonecrosis can be increased by certain medical conditions including diabetes, immune suppression, cancer, as well as social habits like chronic smoking.
3.	My medical/dental history is <u>very</u> important. I have provided you with a complete list of medications that I have received or taken before, and are receiving or taking now. I understand the importance of providing my doctor with a thorough and accurate medical history, including names of physicians I am seeing now or have seen in the past.
4.	The decision to stop IV Bisphosphonate drug therapy before dental treatment will not lessen the risk of developing Osteonecrosis. Stopping the anti-angiogenic medications prior to dental treatment may improve healing and should be reviewed

with your treating doctors.

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5.	some patients, taking antibiotics m	help control possible post-operative infection. For ay cause allergic responses or have unwanted omfort, diarrhea, swelling of the colon, etc.	
6.	jaw bone, loss of bone and soft tis	ake, there may be delayed healing, necrosis of the sues, infection, fracture of the jaw due to a medical pen draining wounds), or other significant	
7.	ongoing intensive therapy that coulong time, and removal of dead bo	tment may be long and difficult. I might need Id include hospitalization, taking antibiotics for a ne. Reconstructive surgery may be needed, es and screws, and/or skin flaps and grafts.	
8.	Even if there are no immediate complications from the proposed dental treatment, the area is always subject to breakdown by itself at any time and infection due to the unstable condition of the bone. Even the smallest trauma from a toothbrush, chewing hard food, or denture sores may set off a complication.		
9.	I understand I may need to see you on a long-term basis after my surgery to check my condition. It is very important that I keep all of my scheduled appointments with you. Regular and frequent dental check-ups with my dentist are important to try to prevent breakdown in my oral health.		
10.		and understand the possible risks of having my nd agree to the following treatment plan:	
11.	the doctor can't guarantee the resi	ors will take all precautions to avoid complications; ult of the proposed treatment.	
CONSEN	I		
have take use, pregr	n. I have given a complete and truth	undergo may be impacted by the medications I ful medical history, including all medicines, drug d and write English. All of my questions have been	
Patient's (	(or Legal Guardian's) Signature	Date	
Doctor's S	Signature	Date	
Witness' S	Signature	Date	